





## PERSIA'S NEW SHAH.

CROWN PRINCE PROCLAIMED AS SUCCESSOR TO HIS MURDERED FATHER.

**Kate Shah to be Buried at Room—Assassin Who Shot Him was a Released Prisoner.**

Tehran, May 2, 1896.—The details of the assassination of the Shah yesterday were obtained through official sources this morning.

The Shah, accompanied by Grand Vizier Asghar and several attendants, paid a visit to the shrine of Shah Abdul Azim. His Majesty traversed the outer court of the shrine, where he stopped and gave a look into a water cistern. Two chairs barred the way to the inner court of the shrine.

The Shah had just passed the first chair when the assassin approached him, and when within a few feet of him, fired a revolver, the bullet from which struck the Shah near the heart. His Majesty fell forward upon his knees, but rose to his feet and walked a few paces, when he fell again. The assassin was immediately seized and hurried away.

The Shah at once became unconscious and was immediately taken to his car-

riage and conveyed to the palace at Tehran, whither doctors were summoned as quickly as possible. When the physicians arrived at the palace they found the Shah dead and certified that his death was caused by a bullet lodged in the pericardial region, between the sixth and seventh ribs.

London, May 2, 1896.—Muzaffer-ed-Din, the second son and heir to the throne, has been proclaimed Shah of Persia.

The Queen, through Lord Salisbury, has sent a dispatch to Muzaffer-ed-Din, the new Shah of Persia, expressing her profound sympathy at the tragic death of his father, the late Shah. The Queen congratulates the people of Persia in having in the present Shah a worthy and illustrious successor to the late Nasr-ed-Din.

The Persian Legislature here announces that it is now definitely established that the assassination of the late Shah was a member of a secret society known as the Bakt, composed of religious fanatics, an organization which the Shah tried to suppress.

Official opinion here regards the death of the Shah with grave apprehension, as it is feared that it will hasten a collision between British and Russian interests in Persia. The Foreign Office holds a copy of a secret convention, signed by the deceased Shah, conceding to Russia the right to occupy Northern Persia in the event of a foreign (meaning a British) attack, or internal disorder menacing either his reign or the succession of the Crown Prince Muzaffer-ed-Din.

Muzaffer-ed-Din, the heir-apparent, has been proclaimed Shah of Persia. He is at Tabriz, and the Grand Vizier will govern until he arrives.

The new Shah is the second son of the assassinated monarch, and great fear is felt that the ambitious and energetic Sultan may claim the throne. He is now Governor of Isfahan.

He was at one time a man of great power and had large armies at his command. The armies were disbanded by his late father.

Muzaffer-ed-Din was recognized as the heir to the throne by England and Russia many years ago.

The assassin was a religious fanatic, named Mullah Reza. His home is in Baku.

Nasr-ed-Din Shah was the fourth sovereign of the Khajar dynasty. He mounted the throne in 1848, a mere youth of sixteen. Owing to this latter fact he was easily influenced by his courtiers to depose and execute his patriotic Prime Minister and brother-in-law, Mirza Taghi, who was accused of treason. But he soon discovered how he had been deceived and ever regretted a deed which proved a blunder no less than a crime.

Naturally kind and humane, the Shah took the lesson to heart, and the enlightened course he followed during his protracted reign is partly traceable to the impression made by the unjust fate of Mirza Taghi.

Nasr-ed-Din Shah sought in many ways to bring Persia within the influence of the age. It may be affirmed that Persia's recent decline in progress was due not to outside pressure, but to the patriotic and enterprising spirit of Nasr-ed-Din Shah. He established military and academic institutions under European preceptors, organized a modern Cabinet, introduced steam and electric light, a mail, a telegraph and postal system and encouraged railways and the press.

He had great difficulties to encounter. The priesthood, who are very powerful in a theocracy, resisted his progressive tendencies, while the menacing attitude of Russia and the incessant intrigues of both Russia and England demanded vigilance and diplomatic skill.

These problems culminated for the time in 1883 to 1886 by the invasion of Bunan-Kahn to Russia and the settlement of the frontier question by a joint Anglo-Russian Commission.

The ambition of his three sons in a country where the rights of primogeniture are so strongly recognized added to the Shah's difficulty. Great peril also lay in

the growing communistic society of the Bakt, numbering some 300,000. They caused insurrections and often sought to assassinate him. In one instance he was dangerously wounded.

The fact that the public failed to understand his difficulties often caused the Shah to be unjustly criticized.

Nasr-ed-Din Shah repeatedly visited Europe to enlarge his knowledge for the benefit of his dominions. The stories current about him were mainly false, being chiefly inspired by the enemies of Persia to injure his diplomatic influence.

Nasr-ed-Din was a man of genuine literary taste. He composed poetry, wrote a book on travel and edited the official gazette. He was a daring and enthusiastic sportsman and a marksman of unequalled aim. He was also a kind husband and father.

Although a polygamist, as was his prerogative, Nasr-ed-Din's affections for many years were devoted to his favorite wife, Lady Azanah Bonah.

The late Shah was of medium height and massive build, naturally bashful, he controlled his weakness and bore himself with great dignity. But a social smile or a pleasant jest often tended to relieve the formality of an audience with a monarch who will live in history as one of the wisest and most gracious and patriotic of modern sovereigns.

**THE WATERMELON.**  
Magnitude of the Watermelon Industry Not Generally Known.

Few people, remarks an exchange, are aware of the magnitude of the watermelon industry of the South. The watermelon district covers an area of 100,000 square miles. It includes the southern portion of Georgia and the northwestern portion of Florida, and when the season opens the freight departments of the railroads in this section move their hand-

quarters to Thompsonville, and the telegraph company sends down five extra operators to handle the increased business occasioned by the purchases and shipment of melons. The season here about two months, beginning in July and ending with August, and last year between 10,000 and 15,000 carloads were shipped out of the state, carrying an average of 1,200 melons to a car, which makes a total of about 18,000,000 melons, worth \$1,200,000 to the northern and western markets. About 50,000 pounds of seed have been harvested in one season at Memphis. One grower declares that he has sold more than \$1,500 worth of seed in one month.

**A FAMOUS FRENCHMAN.**  
M. Bourgeois, President of the Council and Foreign Minister.

Leon Victor Auguste Bourgeois, who succeeded M. Barthélemy as minister of foreign affairs in the French cabinet, has had a long experience in numerous official positions with the administration and control of communal and departmental affairs. At various times he has been under secretary of the interior, minister of the interior, minister of public instruction and minister of justice. One of the most dramatic scenes in the French chamber took place in connection with the Panama scandal, when M. Bourgeois vindicated his honor against the charges leveled at him by Mme. Cottu. Bourgeois is a native Parisian, born in 1834. In 1885 he was se-

cretary general of the prefect of the Seine; he has been prefect of the Haute Garonne, director of communal affairs in the ministry of the interior, and in 1888 he was returned a member of the chamber of deputies for the first time by a by-election. He was under-secretary of state when Floquet was minister, re-elected to the chamber in 1892, and minister of justice under the cabinet of Ribot. M. Bourgeois has a forte for everything pertaining to super-lunation.

**Why Motorists Wear Robbers.**  
"Doesn't that wear out your shoes?" asked the inquisitive passenger.

He was standing on the platform of a trolley car watching the motorman kick the striker of the gong which projected a few inches above the floor of the platform. The trolley motorman kept up was almost constant and his heavy foot rose and fell with great regularity as he drove the car along.

He did not reply once to the question of the inquisitive passenger, as a woman was waiting at the next corner and he had to shut off the current and put on the brakes considerably, and this had other things to think of. But when the car started up again he raised his right foot and placed it on the rail of the dashboard so that the sole of the heavy shoe could be seen.

"See that rubber?" he asked. "Well, I've worn it all winter. Do you see any holes in it?"

The inquisitive passenger admitted that it was practically as sound as the day it came out of the factory.

"Well, then you say," said the motorman, who had long since put his foot back on the platform and was energetically pounding away at the gong with it. "This bell don't wear out a rubber sole at all, but a leather one—say, it don't last no time. I don't know why it is, but she goes through a heavy leather sole in a few weeks, but a rubber will last all winter." And he banged away at the bell as though striving to make a hole in his shoe.—Chicago Chronicle.

**Unpopular With Friends and Foes.**  
A lieutenant colonel in the Irish brigade was dispatched by the Duke of Berwick to Louis XIV with an account of some irregularities among his troops at Fort Kien. His Majesty, considerably annoyed, exclaimed:—

"These Irishmen give me more trouble than all the rest of my soldiers."

Your Majesty's enemies make the same complaint," rejoined the officer.

## A VACATION IN EUROPE.

Hints for Working Women Who, Going Abroad, Must Economize.

Let us settle ourselves for a few days in Antwerp and make pension rates at 6 or 7 francs (about \$1.20 or \$1.50).

There is a deal to make in Antwerp about the streets, on the quay and in the antique shops. But there are more important sights.

If we happen to be here on a Sunday, let us go to service in the cathedral, and there, peacefully resting under the gothic arches, we can listen to the organ and the choir and the chimes above us ringing.

The incense-drenched atmosphere in the dimly lighted church gives us our travel-tired rain and we watch as though in a dream the townspeople, who come in to tell a few beads, or bring a votive offering to the Virgin, whose chapel is in the north aisle.

Before leaving the church we must see the Ribens' masterpieces "The Descent From the Cross" and "The Elevation of the Cross," and having seen them, the spirit of religion is stirred deeper within us, and by any service we could have attended.

The rest of the day suppose we spend at the Museum. On Sundays and Thursdays it is free, as is also the Musée Plantin, which is, perhaps, the most interesting of things to see in Antwerp. It is well worth the fee of 1 franc (20 cents), provided we are not fortunate in being there on a Friday.

It is scarcely worth while to pay the entrance fee for the Hotel de Ville, the exterior is interesting, but the interior is not sufficiently interesting.

The Ribens' former part of the Castle of Antwerp is of interest as the seat of the Spanish Inquisition, but there are many other things to see in Antwerp. Antwerp is a city of many wonders, and it is a pity that our curiosity will cost us about 2 francs (40 cents).

We do not leave Antwerp the peasant region, as the peasants of the Hotel de Ville are not so much interested in the interior as the Ribens' masterpieces.

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20 cents; abbey, 10 cents, etc. 40  
Tramways, 10 cents 50  
Trip to Brussels, 1 franc 1 00  
Total, 2 francs 10 50  
Tips and extras make it \$12—New York Morning Journal.

## DEAD MEN'S SHOES.

The Peculiar Customs and Beliefs Concerning Those That Exist in the Old World.

"Dead men's shoes" is a common expression, but means much in many parts of the Old World, where the boots of the dead are accorded much importance.

In Scotland, in the northern parts of England, in Scandinavia, as well as in Hungary, Croatia and Roumania, the utmost care is taken among the lower classes that each corpse is provided with a pair of good shoes before being laid into the ground. If the dead person has no shoes, the living relatives are bound to provide them, and if they are poor, the church will supply them.

In the north of Scotland, where the dead are accorded much importance, the utmost care is taken among the lower classes that each corpse is provided with a pair of good shoes before being laid into the ground. If the dead person has no shoes, the living relatives are bound to provide them, and if they are poor, the church will supply them.

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## FARM NOTES.

The good-roads movement is spreading and bids fair to result in an improved system of highway construction throughout the Union for those sections able to meet the expense.

The system of buying on long credit has been a curse both to farmers and manufacturers of fertilizers. If you would get the most for your money, order yearly and pay cash down. A certain grower whom I patronize told me that if all his trade could be brought to a cash basis



## A WOMAN FIEND.

ENGLAND SHOCKED BY THE  
FACTS ATTENDING THE AR-  
REST OF MRS. DYER.

Overwhelming Evidence—The Woman's  
Method of Work—Since Arrest Mrs. Dyer  
Becomes Less Defiant.

Not since the terrible murders in  
Whitechapel has London been so shocked  
and interested as it has been during the  
last few weeks by the wholesale murder  
of infant children, for which Amelia  
Dyer is now awaiting trial.

A woman's jury found the woman  
guilty of the murders on the day after  
her arrest, and she is now awaiting trial  
for the murders of the children.

It is a fact that many of the children  
who have been taken from the arms of  
their mothers are still mysteriously miss-  
ing, and that the hands of the mothers  
are still stained with the blood of their  
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had lived with Mrs. Dyer, and in some  
mysterious fashion escaped an early tak-  
ing off, testified that he had seen several  
children in the house, some of whom died,  
while others, the woman told him, she had  
taken to London. The boy did not un-  
derstand the curiosity with which he was  
regarded when the significance of his  
evidence became plain.

The prisoners were remanded, and be-  
fore they were remanded the prosecu-  
tion had a definite charge—the murder  
of a child named Marmon and another  
named Simmons, both of which were  
found in a bag. Then it was that Mrs.  
Dyer's plan of campaign was made clear.  
Evelina Edith Marmon, a single woman,  
who lived in Cheltenham, testified that  
she answered an advertisement relating  
to the adoption of a baby, which she  
saw in a Bristol newspaper in February.  
The advertisement was signed  
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which had been stripped from her vic-  
tims.

Miss Marmon's experience was like  
that of many other mothers. The woman  
set her trap for women who give birth  
to children they dare not acknowledge,  
but which they were not wicked enough  
to murder outright.

She wrote always in the vein of a  
kindly, lonely Christian woman, and as  
a rule her reward was \$50 and the clothes  
of the child, to which she promised to  
be a mother, and which she usually de-  
spatched as soon as it was in her clutches.  
She was told to the point of madness in  
disposing of the bodies, and it is that  
among other things which suggests an  
abnormal mental development which en-  
abled her to gratify a desire to kill as  
well as a wish to grow rich by her fiend-  
ish occupation.

But once the police were on her trail  
her very boldness proved her undoing.  
Paper in which dead infants were  
wrapped, for instance, was identified by  
a railroad clerk as that containing a  
package which had been delivered to the  
prison.

The woman had little or nothing to  
say after she had listened to the terrible  
accusations made against her. She  
affected stupidity. Palmer was silent,  
realizing that little tending to directly  
implicate him had been addressed to  
Mrs. Dyer, however, was not slow to  
realize her position. Defiant at first, she  
soon assumed a hanging expression. On  
April 19 she attempted to hang herself  
in her cell, knowing her own fate about  
her neck. She was detected and saved,  
in all probability, for the gallows.

She has been accused of child murder  
four times during her life, but on pre-  
vious occasions proof was wanting.

## THE FIERCE MAGYARS.

They Made Their First Appearance in  
Hungary a Millennium Ago.

In connection with the approaching  
Millennium celebration, Prof. Vambergy  
of the Budapest university, delivered a  
lecture at Vienna on the origin and de-  
velopment of the Magyar race, to which  
he has for many years devoted special  
study.

Prof. Vambergy began by stating that  
there was a scarcity of trustworthy his-  
torical evidence relative to the earlier ori-  
gin of the Hungarian nation. All that  
was known on the subject, had been de-  
rived from Byzantine and Arab  
writers. According to these, the Magyars  
were a tribe of Turkish nomads, who,  
being driven from their own territory by  
the encroachments of their more power-  
ful countrymen, wandered westward and  
eventually reached Hungary by way of  
the Lower Danube in response to an in-  
vitation of King Arpad of Bavaria, who  
needed their military assistance against  
the Slav King of Moravia. For nearly a  
century the Magyars settled in Hungary  
and continued their primitive mode of  
life as warlike nomads, undertaking pe-  
riodical raids to all parts of Europe and  
capturing numerous prisoners; these they  
employed in agricultural pursuits, while  
the Magyars themselves remained the  
dominant race. Toward the close of the  
tenth century the Magyars embraced

Christianity, and, blending in one politi-  
cal body the various technical elements  
which had become resident in Hungary,  
constituted the Hungarian nation.

The discovery is set forth in the follow-  
ing terms: When, in a closed medium,  
sound is propagated by the solid walls  
as well as by the air, the walls trans-  
mit sound waves with more force  
than the air.

When I got home last night a wire  
was waiting for me saying my sister was  
miserably ill, so I came this morning.  
My dear little girl is a traveler, and no  
mistake. She did not mind the journey  
at all the way. I shall stop now till  
Saturday. Shall write a longer one next  
time. Yours, with love.

"A HARDING."  
She wrote in turn, asking for full par-  
ticulars, and saying that if she parted  
with her child she certainly would wish  
to visit it. She asked about terms, and  
on March 25 she received the follow-  
ing:

"My Dear Madam—Your letter just to  
hand, and I shall only be too pleased for  
yourself or my friends to come and see  
baby and us. We don't have many vis-  
itors out here in the country. I should  
like you to know that the pretty  
child was with some one who would feel  
more comfortable. I know, I promise  
you faithfully that if you will send her  
and bring her up as my own. When you  
come afterward you will see I have done  
my duty. Dear child, I shall only be too  
glad to give her, and I will take her on-  
ly for \$50. She shall be no further ex-  
posed to you. I am, yours, very faithfully,  
"A HARDING."

True to her promise, Mrs. Dyer "took  
her child." That meant that the single  
woman was not to be troubled in af-  
ter life by speculators of the past. Mrs.  
Harding, or Dyer, called on March 25 for the  
baby.

She signed an agreement by which for  
\$50 she was to take care of the child and  
rear it as her own. The agreement ran  
as follows:

"I, A. Harding, of No. 45 Kensington  
Road, Oxford Road, Reading, in consid-  
eration of the sum of \$50, paid to me  
by Evelina Edith Marmon, do hereby  
agree to adopt her child, the child of the  
said Evelina Edith Marmon, and bring  
up the said child as my own without any  
further compensation over and above the  
aforesaid sum of \$50.

"As witness hereunto we have this day,  
the thirty-first day of March, in the year  
of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred  
and ninety-six, subscribed our names.  
"EVELINA EDITH MARMON.  
"ANNIE HARDING.

In the presence of Martha Dosthett,  
widow, of No. 23 Manchester Street, Chel-  
tenham.

Mrs. Harding took Doris with her that  
afternoon and Miss Marmon accompanied  
her on the train as far as Gloucester. At  
Gloucester Mrs. Harding gave her good-  
bye and took the train for Reading. Miss  
Marmon received this letter on April 2:

"When I got home last night a wire  
was waiting for me saying my sister was  
miserably ill, so I came this morning.  
My dear little girl is a traveler, and no  
mistake. She did not mind the journey  
at all the way. I shall stop now till  
Saturday. Shall write a longer one next  
time. Yours, with love.

"A HARDING."  
In a few days the mother wrote to Mrs.  
Dyer's address, asking for news of the  
baby. She received no reply. On April 11  
she was led to the district mortuary,  
where by the bodies fished out of the  
Thames. One of the dead children was  
a woman, who was a match about the neck,  
where a tape had been knotted by the  
person who strangled it. The bag in  
which the bodies were found the witness  
identified as one which Mrs. Dyer or  
Harding had carried on the day she called  
for the child.

The police discovered in pawnshops  
and in Mrs. Dyer's house more than  
three hundred pounds of baby clothes,

which had been stripped from her vic-  
tims.

There is something pleasing on my  
mind, I don't know," said Cholly Gos-  
nell to Miss Kittish.

"Dear me," replied the ungrasped  
girl, "what a very laudatory diet is  
has selected."

## GUIDES IN CHOOSING MEAT.

Beef when young has a fine open grain  
and a good red color, and the fat should  
be white, for when more or less yellow  
the meat is seldom of the best. Beef of  
which the fat is hard and skinny and  
the lean meat a deep red with coarse  
fibers is of an inferior quality, and when  
the meat is old it can be told by a line  
of horny texture running through the  
meat of the ribs. Mutton must be chosen  
by the firmness and fineness of the  
grain, the color, and the firm white fat.  
Lamb that has been killed so long that  
the meat is not perfectly fresh. Venison  
when young will have clear and bright  
fat which should be of considerable  
thickness. Partridges have yellow legs  
and dark-colored bills when young. Quail  
feet have been long and thin. In  
which to keep their flowers. But a can-  
dle box is not often to be had at the very  
time it is most wanted. The first essen-  
tial in keeping cut flowers is to prevent  
their moisture from evaporating.

A lamp chimney can be made into a  
flower holder that will serve every pur-  
pose of an expensive glass shade. Put a  
cork in the top. Rub the cork all over  
with beeswax and melt it in over the  
stove. This ensures its being airtight. If  
the sides or edges of the cork are waxed  
it will make a tighter joint. A piece of  
suitable size cannot be had, tie a piece of  
muslin over the mouth of the chimney. Trim  
it up neatly and dip it in a jar of  
melted beeswax or wax. Make it tight.  
And if beeswax is not at hand tallow  
will do very well. Even a cut of paint  
or a dip into the paint pot would answer  
at a pinch. The idea is to make the top of  
the chimney as airtight as possible. Ar-  
range the flowers in a cup or  
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flowers, though they are cut, are not  
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A lamp chimney can be made into a  
flower holder that will serve every pur-  
pose of an expensive glass shade. Put a  
cork in the top. Rub the cork all over  
with beeswax and melt it in over the  
stove. This ensures its being airtight. If  
the sides or edges of the cork are waxed  
it will make a tighter joint. A piece of  
suitable size cannot be had, tie a piece of  
muslin over the mouth of the chimney. Trim  
it up neatly and dip it in a jar of  
melted beeswax or wax. Make it tight.  
And if beeswax is not at hand tallow  
will do very well. Even a cut of paint  
or a dip into the paint pot would answer  
at a pinch. The idea is to make the top of  
the chimney as airtight as possible. Ar-  
range the flowers in a cup or

How to keep flowers after they have  
been cut is a problem that puzzles people  
in the city as well as in the country. The  
flowers, though they are cut, are not  
dead, but they are in a state of decay,  
in which to keep their flowers. But a can-  
dle box is not often to be had at the very  
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# THE MAIL

THURSDAY, MAY 28, 1896.

## WHY NOT MEET THE CONSTITUTION?

Come, Brandon Times, let us have your ear for a few moments, and God knows it is long enough, not only to lend for a moment but to hire out at any time for a twelve month, to consider one or two practical circumstances in connection with this Remedial Bill. No one will deny that it was introduced the last session of the House, and will be again next session, if Sir Charles Tupper has a strong following to permit him to do it, for one of two reasons—either to carry out the spirit or the letter of the constitution or to meet the pressure of the hierarchy of the Province of Quebec. We believe, Mr. Times, you will not acknowledge it is for the latter reason. Then it must be for the first, and in previous issues you have declared as much. If it should be because of the influence of the hierarchy there would of course be a sound reason for the denunciation of the government by all lovers of justice and fair play. If on the other hand the introduction of the Bill was to meet the requirements of the constitution why on earth, Dear Times, do you defend Mr. Macdonald in not only shirking duty but in pronouncing all over the constituency he will vote against the government in carrying out what the constitution calls for, his adoption of a bill forcing Separate Schools on Manitoba. Then the man who votes against such a bill is nothing more or less than a traitor to the constitution, and as such the Nor-Wester called him a few months ago. Come now, "Conservative for Revenue," play this game honestly. If it was the pressure of the hierarchy that forced this bill on the House the last session, then both the hierarchy and the government are before the people subjects for well earned censure—the one for suggesting it and the other for listening to the suggestion. If again, the government in forcing the Bill only met a constitutional obligation then, of course, all members who refuse to support the passage of such a bill when introduced again will be self confessed enemies of the constitution. Now, Robinson, this argument is not advanced for revenue, but if there is any flaw in it, the public would be obliged to you if you would point out the flaw.

Mr. McCarthy's stand in this matter is the only manly and defensive one. He contends the constitution does not call for Federal interference in any way, shape or manner; and that a government influenced by the sole desire to mete out equal justice to all will lend no ear to the indefensible demands of any one section of the community whether Protestant or Catholic.

It is the issue of the 22nd of June last the Winnipeg Nor-Wester in speaking of the refusal of the Manitoba government to obey the remedial order commanding it to re-establish separate schools as they stood previous to the act of 1890 said:

"However less or more the judgement of the Privy Council was rejected and by that act the people of Manitoba have been put in the position of rebels against constituted authority."

Now Mr. Macdonald says he is opposed to separate schools and if in the House he would vote against remedial orders authorizing them, and is, therefore, a self confessed "rebel against constituted authority." If Mr. Macdonald does not like to lie where he is placed by "the party" proper, he ought to insist on its revising its classification.

As a result of the mandament of the hierarchy, the great bulk of the candidates in Quebec Liberal and Conservative will stand pledged to remedial legislation. This forces unity of action in the other direction. When the desire of the church is to take the people of Manitoba by the nose and force the minto the support of Roman Catholicism at the public expense, the effort of the friends of this country should be to take the bull by the horns and fight it out. We should be greatly surprised if this conflict does not yet result in a coalition of all Protestant representatives to resent the aggression of the Church of Rome in Canada.

The Brandon Times says the C.P.R. cost Canada \$62,000,000 and the Conservative campaign literature says it cost over \$60,000,000. Seven millions is but an insignificant sum to the "Conservative for revenue." The new reverend rooster will have to brighten up. If his knowledge of the gospel is as accurate as his knowledge of Canadian finance, God help his congregation.

The Brandon Times is generating tears for Mr. C.W. Speers to fight within view of the candidature of Mr. McCarthy. Mr. Speers was in the city Saturday, and from the appearance of things he is quite willing to find his own tears whenever he may be called upon to use them.

The Brandon Times:—How the farmers of Manitoba can be so blind to their own interests as to be anxious to do away with the protective policy which affords them protection upon their wheat to the extent of fifteen cents a bushel, is something we cannot grasp.

No; it is hard to grasp the Times' ideas sure enough. Will our confere show how the 15 cents protection helps the price on the wheat, cattle, etc. we send to England every year. Please turn your telescope on this and find the benefit.

Robinson, the hero of the conspiracy with Greenway in the Grit caucus to overthrow the Norquay government for a government printing contract, published with much gusto a letter signed by Mr. Cliffe in August last, dealing with political matters in this constituency. Judas like, however, he forgets to say the letter was written by Mr. G. R. Coldwell, and the signature was obtained by a "coercion" that no fair man would attempt to defend.

The Times hoists the sympathetic flag and cries out "no outsider" as he cannot represent the people. This is the same paper that over five years ago called Mr. Daly a miserable upstart and a traitor to the country while Mr. McCarthy, the friend of Manitoba, defended our interests in opposition to the Jesuit Estates Bill. Robinson, if the Remedial Bill was only as short as your memory, I would never do much destruction.

"Preferential Trade" with Great Britain, which is one of the main planks in Mr. McCarthy's platform, is taken up by the government also. As Mr. McCarthy has never been in office, he, of course, could never have brought in such a measure. The government, however, has been in office for 18 years, and they never thought of it till they saw it on McCarthy's flag. That's Rip Vanwinkle for you.

The government is now out with the flag of the Hudson's Bay R. R. and Mr. Macdonald's friends say this is a reason the constituency should elect him. As Mr. McCarthy will support an honest measure for the construction of that line with as much earnestness as Mr. Macdonald, and with infinitely more ability, there is only the greater reason the people should go to the greater ability.

The Brandon Times asks "What does Mr. McCarthy know of our needs? His voice and Mr. Daly's, a resident, on the school question and his duties will settle that."

Some politicians ask "Who is D'Alton McCarthy?" He is one of the first lawyers in the City of Toronto. In the days of Sir John A. Macdonald, he was the Ontario organizer for the Liberal Conservative party, and under the old chief always had the government side of the government's most complicated law cases. He was the leader of the noble 13 who voted against the Jesuit Estates bill, and the leader in the game of blocking that prevented the passage of the Remedial Bill this spring at Ottawa designed to force separate schools on Manitoba. He has ever been leader in all movements to reduce the duty to the Manitoba farmers on implements, twine, lumber, coal oil, &c. when Mr. Daly our late member was defending the duties as they stood. This is an introduction to the gentleman and in our next issue we will say more about him.

The Brandon Times in an article headed "Shall we shun Scylla to fall into Charybdis?" says "The Conservative government intends granting remedial legislation, that is 'being loyal to the Constitution.'" But then Mr. Macdonald says he will vote against remedial legislation, if elected, and is, therefore, according to his own organ "disloyal to the constitution." Now, can Brandon afford to elect a man who will violate the constitution, for a seat in the legislature of the country? We leave the electors to answer.

The Brandon Times declares both Tupper and Laurier are committed to remedial legislation, and wants to know the way out of the dilemma. We will show it. Vote for Mr. McCarthy the man who stands pledged to use his following in the House to defeat it, no matter "what king reigns." That's the way out, and the electors of Brandon will take it.

Mr. W. A. Macdonald is reported to have said at the meeting at Argue's Orange hall, that he would vote against remedial legislation, but if such a vote was on a want of confidence motion he would vote against it. The case then is he will vote against separate schools when ever and when ever only his vote will have no effect on the government.

Read what the Brandon Times says about Mr. D'Alton McCarthy who is now a candidate in this division:

"He (Mr. Daly) not only voted, but he 'rubbed it in' as it were by clearing and exulting generally at the defeat and discomfiture of the noble thirty among whom were D'Alton McCarthy and N. Clark Wallace working for the best interests of Manitoba."

## The Cheapest Goods in Treherne.

### HARDWARE.

Paints, Belts, Tools, Stoves, Cutlery, Granite ware, Tinware, Builders' Supplies of all kinds and Woodenware.  
No. 3 Churns, 16 gallons 94.40  
Butter Bowl, large size 35  
Fine Milk Cream 65  
Very Best Cream with cover 90  
Fine Shot Gun, double-barrel breech loader. 7.00  
Line Snaps, Germans, 1 in. 14 for 25  
Nickel Plated Copper Tea Kettle 1.20  
No. 12 Shells 100 65  
Fine Rodgers Knife 25  
Ale Handles from 12 inch Plough File 10  
14 inch Plough File 30  
Lock for out-door with knob, all complete 25

### JEWELRY.

WATCHES—Waltham or Elgin, good screw case back and front, warranted for 15 years \$5.50.  
Fine Rolled Plate Ladies' Chain 60  
White Metal Chain 20  
Fine 8 day clock, well finished and warranted for 3 years 4.00  
Nice Cruet Stand, 5 bottles 2.65  
Eyeglasses from 5 c. up  
Eyeglasses fitted automaton, 50c up to \$1.00

### STATIONERY.

Scratching Books 4 for 25  
Slate Pencils 20 for 25  
Slaters, 8 x 12 10  
Best Rubber Lead Pencils per dozen 25  
Common Lead Pencils 2 dos. 25  
75 Envelopes 10  
Come and see my prices before buying. All goods sent anywhere on receipt of price.

### Bain Engleven.

#### LUNGS CLOSED UP.

Gentle.—In the early part of the winter I caught a bad cold, followed by a severe cough. I could not sleep as my lungs seemed closed up. I could walk only a few yards without stopping to get breath. I sent for your Emulsion and before I had finished the third bottle the cough was gone—I could breathe freely and felt like a new man. I advise all sufferers from cough, cold or asthma, to give your Emulsion a trial.  
JOHN A. HILL,  
Toney Cape, Hants Co.

#### WANTED HELP.

Reliable men in every locality (local or travelling) to introduce a new discovery and keep our show cards tacked up on trees, fences and bridges throughout town and country. Steady employment. Commission or salary, \$10 per month and expenses, and money deposited in any bank when started. For particulars, write  
WORLD MEDICAL ELECTRIC CO.  
n.

UNPARALLELED DURABLE REPAIRS IN THE GREAT DEMAND. LAMPS ORDERED FOR SATURDAY. NEW FURNITURE BEST OF THE MARKET. COME EARLY AND GET YOUR SUPPLIES.

TELEPHONE 144.

## H. McKay

### LIVERY, FEED AND SALE STABLE



JUST SOUTH OF AND CLOSE TO NEW C.P.R. DEPOT. TENTH STREET, BETWEEN ROSSER AND PACIFIC AVENUES.

GOOD HORSES AND RIGS AT SHORTEST NOTICE. DRIVERS FURNISHED WHEN REQUIRED. BRANDON, MAN.

## "Blacksmithing"

Having dissolved partnership with Mr. How, I am now continuing in the old stand, opposite the City Hall, on my own account, where I propose to give all customers the very best satisfaction in all work entrusted to me with special attention to horse-shoeing.

WM. WILSON.



This is to let you know that you can save money by buying your Flour and Feed at

## J. W. QUINN'S

COR. ROSSER AND 5TH ST.

Ogilvie's Strong Baker's \$1.45

Ogilvie's Hungarian \$1.25 per sack.

Baled Hay \$6 to \$8 per ton.

TELEPHONE 30.



### Wanted.

A first-class cook for the Island House Qu'Appelle. Wages \$25 per month.

### MISS SINCLAIR,

ARTIST.

Room 12, Victoria Block.

Lessons given in Oil Painting, Water Colors, Crayon Drawing, etc. Painting on China, etc. Portraits and others ordered work a specialty.

### For Sale.

Tinsmithing Business. The only one in the Town of Qu'Appelle Station. The stock consists of brasses, stoves and tinware. A large jobbing business is done, and a stock of Hardware could be put in to advantage. Other business engaging all the attention of the proprietor & the cause of selling.

Wm. Johnston, Qu'Appelle Station.

Captain Sweeney, U.S.A., San Diego, Cal. says: "Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy is the first medicine I have ever found that would do me any good." Price 50c. For sale by N.J. Halpin.

### SCROFULOUS SYMPTOMS

Are tumors, abscesses, sore eyes, eruptions and obstinate skin diseases. Burdock Blood Bitters cure all blood diseases, from a common pimple to the worst scrofulous sore. In all cases of this nature where the skin is broken and sores or ulcers exist, the outward application of B.B.B. diluted in water if necessary, and applied on soft linen cloths is recommended to insure a perfect cure.

## FINE TAILORING.

IF YOU WANT A GOOD CHEAP SUIT

DON'T FORGET TO CALL AND SEE

## JAMES FERGUSON

FOR YOUR SUMMER SUIT FIT AND STYLE GUARANTEED.

Fearly the Latest Samples from the best Winnipeg and other Eastern Houses.

Cleaning and Repairing a specialty, and the BEST OF WORKMANSHIP.

## James Ferguson.

Corner 7th Street and Rosser Avenue.

# WILSON, RANKIN & CO.

## Brandon's Greatest Store.

### MATCHLESS MAY MERCHANDISING.

We have just unloaded 3 cars of New Furniture and Upholstered goods—bought at abnormally low prices, in the manufacturers' quiet season.

The benefits are for our public.

May 1896 will break all records for money saving chances. This immense purchase goes on sale for the balance of May AT HALF THE PRICES YOU'VE KNOWN.



This Fine Lounge with Oak or Walnut Frames, richly covered and highly polished, upholstered in good tapistry All best desirable shades, special sale price \$7.75.

Good Plush Suites \$25.00, \$30.00, \$35.00 and \$39.00.

Elegant Rug Suite, fringed to the floor \$47.50.

Sofas, Antique Oak finish, or Walnut, well upholstered from \$5.00 up.

See our special Lounge, handsome covered frame, upholstered in good quality tapistry, made to sell at \$10.00, sale price \$6.75.

The largest assortment of Furniture of all kinds in Manitoba to choose from.

### Carpets and Curtains.

The selling in these departments has been exceptional—never before have such values been offered. Special inducements for the balance of this month.

The enthusiasm which surrounds this business is all in the extra values we are giving.

Dry Goods, Clothing, Furnishings, Boot and Shoes, and Groceries.


Summer Millinery Opening this week, commencing Wednesday.

Our new Illustrated Catalogue just out, yours for asking.

When in the city be sure you visit THE GREAT STORE.

## WILSON, RANKIN & CO.















## CLOSE YOUR EYES

To the quality and the world is full of cheap things, but with your eyes wide open the real good things are few and far between. When we buy our goods we look sharp for quality and workmanship. If they are right we see about the price. If not, 10 cents on the dollar won't tempt us to buy, for we have a reputation at stake.

## IN SOLID SILVER

We have a superb display of Tea, Coffee, Desserts and Table Spoons, Cheese Scoops, Cake Knives, Berry Spoons, Sugar Shells, Butter Knives, Cream Ladles, Cold Meat Forks, Egg Spoons, Oyster Forks, Orange Spoons, Bon Bon Tongs, Muffin Forks, 500-Grain Tea Sets consisting of Sugar Bowl, Cream Pitcher and Tea Pot, Library Sets, Manicure Sets, Hair Brushes, Combs and etc.

Cabinets of Sterling Silver  
at special prices.

## D.A. Reesor

The Jeweler.

Issuer of Marriage Licenses.

### LOCAL NEWS.

The Hon. Oimmet is now a judge but where is Mr. Daly?

Elton municipality has given \$100 to the Brandon hospital.

Griswold Turf Club is giving \$600 in prizes on the 2nd of June.

Capt. Swiford, of the N. P. R., was a visitor in the city on the 25th.

A Yorkton lady aged 75 was brought to the Brandon asylum last week.

The Y. M. C. A. have set apart next Sunday for prayer for foreign work.

The school board are making nice improvements on the school grounds.

Three weddings in Brandon last week before 6 o'clock in the morning.

Judge and Mrs. Walker are in town the guests of Mr. Hesson, Customs collector.

On June 3rd there will be a meeting of the rural deanery in St. Matthew's church.

The football team is doing hard kicking on the collegiate ground these times.

Arthur Fleming returned from Los Angeles, where he spent the winter, last week.

Fleming's window has an immense frog in it, and the frog cost more than 25 cents.

D. McDonald, Virden; Dr. Husband, Wawanessa, and Miss Adolph, Souris, were in the city last week.

Mrs. Stripp has removed to the Bell block where her restaurant will be much better kept than ever before.

A. W. McDougall, of Meadow Lea, brother-in-law of Mr. Robinson of the Brandon Times, died in Winnipeg last week.

Miss Renge, this city, and Mr. Harris, of Stony Mountain, were married in this city by the Rev. Mr. Lehigh, on Saturday last.

The reception to McCarthy in Winnipeg on Monday last is voted the largest and most enthusiastic ever held in that city.

Mr. McCarthy has addressed several meetings in the interests of patrons in Ontario, which shows that organization should give him a liberal support.

The Chica o Record held a guessing contest at which Miss Rena Maceo, this city, won a \$1000 prize. There were but two other Canadians successful.

The Brandon Sun in dealing with one public meeting says W. A. Macdonald, the Grit candidate, has been invited. Things are changing around wonderfully.

Desjardins, a minister in the Tupper Cabinet says Laurier and McCarthy joined to kill the Remedial Bill. This does not look as if either of them was opposed to Macdonald's interests.

Mrs. Boyd, of Griswold, and Miss Hilliard, Minneapolis, and Miss McNeil, assisted the Methodist choir on Sunday. The roles of Miss McNeil and Miss Hilliard were given with great effect.

Mr. Dalton McCarthy will speak at Wawanessa on Thursday at 10 a.m., at Boissevain at 3 p.m., the same day, and at Deloraine at 8 p.m. also. At Melita Friday at noon, at Hartney on the way back, and at Souris 1 p.m.

The Free Press in an issue last week made a very coarse attack on McCarthy. It is not for the Free Press to say but for the electors of this division themselves to say, whom they want and whom they do not want to represent them.

The Souris brass band greatly helped in the reception of Dalton McCarthy discoursing sweet music during the evening at the rink, although they were at a great disadvantage owing to one of their best players being in Winnipeg and another, the leader, absenting himself because, it is said, of his unwillingness to share in a McCarthy demonstration.

As a result of correspondence between the city council and the C. P. R. it is, we understand, arranged that another train a week each way is to be put on the Pipestone branch, and that arrangements will be made for the transfer of freight and passengers from one road to the other at the crossing of the Glenboro branch and the N. P. R. near Routhwaite. Both of these changes will be a great service to the public.

Mrs. Vibert gave an interesting party to a number of friends on Friday night last.

Miss Alana McMillan, who is teaching at Bagot, spent the 24th with her parents here.

Prof. McKee has gone to Montreal to attend a meeting of officials of the Baptist church in that city.

New wall paper infinitely cheaper than other dealers' old paper, now opened at Cliffe's bookstore.

The tennis grounds are being re-seeded and otherwise improved so as to make them specially attractive.

J. H. Bartlett and Donald Stanley, of Souris, drove over on Tuesday to participate in the big demonstration.

Mr. Cliffe, of the MAIL, has two apple trees in his garden in blossom; the one a crab and the other a Northern spy.

At first some of the wise ones were disposed to talk of the insignificance of the convention that brought out Mr. McCarthy, but they are changing now, the acorn having grown to a lusty oak.

Mr. Cliffe, of the MAIL, won a gold ring in a word building contest advertised in a Chicago paper recently. He made 213 words out of the letters in the name "The Happy Home", without taking up proper names or foreign words. The prize was the second one and there were over two thousand competitors.

The 90th rifles to the number of about 275 came up from the "Peg" on a special Sunday morning to aid our citizens in the celebration of Her Majesty's natal day. In the afternoon they paraded to St. Matthew's church joined by the local company and headed by the brass band of the Battalion and full bugle force. The procession to and from the church was the subject of much favorable comment from hundreds of citizens. On Monday they paraded to the Polo grounds where some interesting military maneuvers were gone through with. The band were in attendance on the fair grounds to encourage the races and polo.

### THE BRANDON RACES.

#### FIRST DAY.

TROTTERING OR PACING.  
3:30 CLASS—MILE HEATS, 3 IN 5—PURSE \$100.

1st, Hops W. G., 2:11.1; 2nd, Willis Free Trade, 2:32.2; 3rd, Simmons' Golden Point, 2:32.2; 4th, 2:48.1.

RUNNING—POLO DASH.  
4 MILE.  
1st, Pittfield's Maid; 2nd, McHaffie's Johnny.

TROTTERING OR PACING.  
MILE HEATS 3 IN 6—PURSE \$200.

1st, Fullerton's Don Castro, 1:11.1; 2nd, Ellis Medium, 2:22.2; 3rd, Simmons' Prairie Flower, 3:33.3. Best time 2:39.2.

TROTTERING OR PACING.  
2:50 CLASS—MILE HEATS 3 IN 5.

1st, Hops W. G., 2:11.1; 2nd, Willis Free Trade, 2:32.2; 3rd, Simmons' Golden Point, 2:32.2; 4th, 2:48.1.

NOVELTY HANDICAP.  
1 MILE.  
1st, Didsbury, 1:11.1; 2nd, Picaninny, 1:11.1; 3rd, 1:11.1.

RUNNING.  
1 MILE—PURSE \$150.

1st, Beckton's Didsbury, 2nd, Beckton's Picaninny, 3rd, Holmes, Vic; 4th, Hammond's Trisy.

TROTTERING OR PACING.  
3 MINUTE CLASS—MILE HEATS 3 IN 5—PURSE \$150.

1st, Hamilton's Barney, 1:11.1; 2nd, Fullerton's Black Hawk, 2:22.2; 3rd, Fullerton's Lol, 3:33.3.

GENTLEMEN'S RACE.  
4 MILE DASH.

Started—Bowen, Row, Botting, Munn, Burrows, Hoard, McHaffie and Pittfield—1st, Bowen; 2nd, Pittfield; 3rd, Row.

TROTTERING OR PACING.  
1st, Hamilton's Barney, 1:11.1; 2nd, Henderson's Mambrino Beamish, 3rd, Hops, W. G., 3:23.3. Best time 2:44.4.

A FATAL ACCIDENT.

A most distressing accident occurred in the city yesterday at 3 p.m., by which poor little Johnny, son of Robt. Crawford, aged 4 years, lost his life.

As nearly as can be learned he and some other children got into an old closet at the rear of Smart & Purdon's to play, and while they sat it on the floor, the heavy box fell on top of him.

Johnny got out the door became fastened and he was suffocated, and his body partially burned before help arrived. The parents have the deepest sympathy of all in their sad affliction.

The flames soon caught in Smart & Purdon's grain and hay at present were on hand in good time and worked heroically. The firm's loss will be heavy and at writing they are unable to estimate it.

A FIRE AT RAPID CITY.

Rapid City, Man., May 23.—Geo. McCulloch & Co's. woolen, Yarn and Cord mill were completely destroyed by fire. The loss will reach \$100,000 with an insurance of \$300,000, as follows: Phoenix, \$15,000; Alas and Guardian, \$750 each. The strenuous and well directed efforts by the people of the town saved the flour mill and the elevator adjoining.

The cause of the fire was overheating in the drying room. The owners are at Souris, and nothing can be learned at present as to whether they will rebuild.

HAIR! HAIR! HAIR!

Prof. Dorenwend is Coming.

It is contrary to nature that the head should be bald. Let that be fully understood. It is not a fact that many ladies and gentlemen do not wear artificial hair for no other reason than prejudice. Unfortunately there has been a marked increase of late in baldness and gray hair, and the result is the loss of an attractive and refined appearance. Many ladies have the wretched habit of crimping and curling their own hair instead of buying an article according to the style. The result is they ruin their hair and when new styles come in they are unable to follow them.

Prof. Dorenwend, of the Dorenwend Co. Ltd., of Toronto has for thirty years demonstrated the beautifying effects of wearing artificial hair. Thousands of THE BEST LADIES and gentlemen of Canada and the United States are wearing his articles to-day. In many cases the manufactured article is more beautiful than the natural growth, and not even an expert can detect the hair is artificial.

The Professor carries an immense stock of LADIES' AND GENTLEMEN'S WIGS, TUPPEES, half wigs, bangs, wavy fronts, switches, braids, etc., in every form, shade and quality. All can be pleased. Call on FAIRER NOTIONS and provide yourself at once with a head dress that will give charming effects. Prof. Dorenwend will be in

Brandon, at Grand View Hotel, Saturday, June 13th.

because of what they represent: Loyalty to our country, true loyalty does not consist of chaos and confusion, but of Christian citizenship; as representatives of that great movement they rejoice that in their national holiday loyalty to the cause of God, and to one another. They were glad because of a movement that tends to replace the "barbed wire fences" by flower badges.

The delegates were welcome because of what they bring to us: enthusiasm, inspiration, blessed influences, and because of what they will leave behind directly by personal effort in the city, in experience in the churches, by incorporating influences in society; and indirectly, by the wayside ministries of love, devotion and service. It is a dreadful thing to spread contagion and become a track of destruction. How glorious to spread health and leave a track strewn with beauty. He trusted the convention would prove a stimulus to personal effort, and a re-invigorator of enthusiasm, a tonic to personal faith, a centre for provincial-wide influences, a creator of inter-denominational respect, fellowship and co-operation; a source of broader vision. He trusted that every member would return home with spirits moved by that grand ideal:

May every soul that touches mine—Be it the slightest contact—get from there some good.

Some little grace, one kindly thought, One inspiration yet unfulfilled, one bit of courage.

For the darkening sky, one gleam of faith.

To brave the thickening mists of life, One glimpse of brighter skies beyond the gathering mists.

To make this life worth while, And heaven a surer heritage.

NEBITT.

The posters are out announcing a football tournament to be held in the village on Wednesday, June 10th. The prizes will be as follows:—1st, \$50; 2nd, \$10; 3rd, \$5. A number of teams are expected to compete. The opening of a box social will be held in the church, proceeds to go to the church fund.

On Friday night the Sunday School decided to have a picnic in this village on Tuesday, June 16th and to invite Chester and Minnewawa schools to join them.

On Saturday evening the football team will play a friendly game with the Hayfield club; though they were unsuccessful yet they gave their opponents a good game, Hayfield only scoring one goal after half time. What the "Rangers" want is to practise the pass game more. Next Saturday they meet Minnewawa at Nesbitt.

Inspector Buel has visited the school on Wednesday. Before leaving he expressed his approval of the work being done, particularly in the primary grades. He also thought the tree planting was an improvement but said the grounds should be fenced. Trustees please take note.

Of course that is the great theme in every where else in the country just now. McCarthy seems to be the favorite with both Conservatives and Liberals.

The Rev. Hugh McEllen, who was formerly in charge of the Presbyterian church here is visiting with Mr. Cross.

He has been in charge of a field at Kiltiville for about a year but is now on a six months leave of absence during which time he intends to visit his old home in Scotland.

Mr. J. W. Clark who buys grain for R. P. Robin at this point returned on Friday night. He will commence buying again about June 1st.

Mr. Armistead who represents R. D. Martin & Co. is expected about the first. His company intend erecting a new elevator here in August.

Mr. Pentney who talked of leaving the ministry has ordered a new suit of furniture, as an addition to his grocery business.

The Rev. W. P. Anderson will hold a communion service in the Presbyterian church at Sunday after the evening preaching service. There will also be a preparatory service on Saturday night at eight o'clock to be followed by a marriage service.

Mrs. Brown who has been seriously ill is just recovering.

Toledo, O., May 22.—The grain firm of C. A. King & Co., during the past five days received 4,600 crop reports.

The prospect for winter wheat is very favorable in Kansas and in most of Michigan; Missouri and Illinois fair; Indiana is becoming more promising than three-quarters of an average crop, owing mostly to the Hessian fly; Ohio is a trifle worse than two weeks ago. Recent rains have been beneficial. Kansas and Missouri show slight improvement. Illinois and Ohio show no change. Indiana suffered materially from the Hessian fly and drought. Michigan has excellent prospects, but some sections say barley is damaged by the Hessian fly. The harvest on an average will be ten days earlier than last year.

Detroit, May 21.—Reports of the destruction of growing wheat by the Hessian fly continue more alarming. The insects have made the heaviest ravages in the most prolific of the wheat growing regions in Southern Michigan, but the operations extend all over the peninsula. It is estimated that at least half the wheat crop of the state will be destroyed.

### CHRISTIAN ENDEAVOR.

(Continued from page 1.)

Although the weather for some weeks past has been most unfavorable with unprecedented heavy rains wheat seeding is fast nearing completion. Some farmers situated upon low lands have experienced great difficulty in making any progress whatever and prospects for them are not of an encouraging nature at present. Wheat fields that were sown the early part of May are up nicely and growing rapidly.

The garden party which was to have been held by the ladies of Zion church at Mr. Andrew Graham's next Friday evening has been indefinitely postponed.

Rolland now has a lacrosse club with the following officers: President, H. Webster, vice-pres., T. Lawrie; secretary, W. A. Stewart; captain, J. Macdonald; committee, P. H. Harrison, A. Webster, A. Bond, R. G. Steen and J. Studholme.

We are extremely pleased to note that Fourth street now presents a most attractive appearance owing to the energetic efforts of its residents in beautifying their property with fences and trees. More ambition in this way by others would improve our town immensely.

Miss Mollie Nesbitt has completed her studies at Wesley College, Winnipeg, and returned home Friday last.

Mr. J. Macdonald is on a pleasure trip to Morden for a few days. It is quite evident that Joseph is susceptible to the charms of the ladies in that vicinity.

Messrs. E. P. Johns and C. J. Steen attended the church anniversary of the Sons of England at Carman yesterday.

Mr. Jas. Wesley Bruce and Miss Spark are attending the C. E. convention at Brandon.

The lacrosse club had an excellent practice Friday evening last. The boys are working vigorously to get in condition for coming events next month.

W. H. Lowe has again taken the leadership of Zion church choir.

Cameron Bros. builders and contractors are erecting a large barn on the farm of Mr. John W. Philip.

A contingent of our local sports visited Miami on Thursday evening last and heard the world famed Benenyi, all expressing themselves as highly pleased with the concert.

Arrangements are under way for a Queen's birthday celebration here some time in June, a very good program of sports is being prepared.

BE UP TO DATE.

The gentlemen of Brandon and vicinity are, as a rule, right up to date. If they are not, it is because they lack opportunity. When they get the chance they take it, and catch right up with the procession. For that reason, when Prof. Dorenwend arrives in the city, they will visit him, and provide themselves with his first-class Wigs and Toupees. The gentlemen who are bald, and from prudence won't wear coverings, should remember they are running a great risk. Any candid physician will tell them so. The best men in the land wear these scientific coverings for no other reason than protection to the head. These goods are known throughout the land, and need no recommendation. Read the announcement on another page, and bear the date in mind. Grand View hotel, Saturday, June 13th.

Mr. Emerson, of Emerson & Hague, having decided to give his personal attention to the Brandon business, for the summer, is in a position to help you save whether you reside in town or country.

In Overalls, just the thing to protect expensive clothing, their stock will suit all tastes, and in miscellaneous clothing the stock is very complete.

In tents for public or private parties, and awnings for all purposes, all tastes and wishes can be fully met, while in carpet repairing and painting, all orders will have prompt attention.

Remember our charges are the lowest for the best of work.

A first-class tailor on the premises to make all classes of work to order.

EMERSON & HAGUE

TENTH STREET.

WM. FERGUSON...

DIRECT NORTH OF...

WINES, LIQUORS AND CIGARS...

THE ONLY HOUSE WEST OF WINNIPEG THAT HAS CUSTOMS AND EXCISE BONDING WAREHOUSE.

Bassa's Ale, Guinness' Stout, Milwaukee Lager and all Domestic Ales.

Lager and Stout kept in stock.

JUST ARRIVED

AT HALPIN'S

LARGE LOT OF FRESH

GARDEN SEEDS.

Call or Send your Order by mail to

N. J. HALPIN, Druggist,

Stamping Done.

BRANDON, MAN.

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BRANDON, MAN.

## Put Money In Thy Purse.

THAT IS ONE OF SHAKESPEARE'S SAYINGS.



Put money in thy purse and bring it to us. Just see, for once, how much can be bought with a small amount of cash. We will sell to you cheaper than anybody else, or we don't want your trade. That's a plain statement isn't it, and a fair one?

Week after week we keep reiterating the same story of the best Groceries at the smallest prices, and still there are a few people who doubt our advertisements. There isn't any power to make folks believe us.

There is no way of compelling them to buy here. But we are going to keep hammering away. Maybe after a while they will come in just once to see for themselves. That's all we want. Just one order. The others will come without asking.

Fibre Pails.....37c. each

" Butter Tubs.....35c. "

" Wash Basins.....30c. "

" Dish Pans.....70c. and 85c. "

" Milk Pans per dozen \$3.50, or 50c. "

These Fibre Goods give splendid satisfaction, they never impart any taste to their contents AND DON'T GET OUT OF REPAIR. With ordinary care they will last for years.

Wooden Pails, 2 hoop.....15c. each

" " steel wire hoop imbedded.....15c. each

" Tubs 60c., 75c., 90c. and \$1.00 each

Steel Wire Hoop Tubs 75c., 90c. and \$1.00

Clothes Pins.....2c. per dozen

" Dominion Spring 6c. "

Butter Bowls.....40c., 50c. and 60c. each

" Tubs.....20c., 30c. and 40c. "

" Ladies.....8c. and 10c. "

" Spades.....7c., 8c. and 10c. "

" Prints.....60c. "

### SPECIALS FRIDAY AND SATURDAY.